

Town of Hayden Water Department

Annual Water Quality Report / Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) for 2025

The Town of Hayden Water Department (PWS-ID # AL0000102) is pleased to share this year's Annual Water Quality Report. We want to keep you informed about the excellent water and services we have delivered to you over the past year. Our goal is, and always has been, to provide you with a dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to maintain and continually improve the water you receive and to protect our water supply.

The Hayden Water Department purchases water from Blount County Water Authority (BCWA). BCWA's water is groundwater drawn from the Warren Spring which comes from the Pride Mountain Aquifer, they also purchase water from Douglas Water Authority and Central Alabama Water, formerly Birmingham Water Works. Each water system must complete a Source Water Assessment Program (SWAP). The SWAP is comprised of four distinct activities: delineation of the source water assessment area, contaminant inventory, susceptibility analysis and public awareness. BCWA has completed each required component of the source water assessment, and the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM) has approved the plan. The findings of the SWAP are available for your review at the BCWA office located at 18 Arena Drive Cleveland. Chlorine is added as a disinfectant.

The Town of Hayden Water Department is pleased to report that our drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. If you have any questions about this report, BCWA's report, or concerning your water utility, please contact Ruth Varden with the Hayden Water Department at (205) 543-6882. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled Town Council meetings which are held on the second Tuesday of each month at 7:00 p.m. at the Hayden Community Center located at 629 County Road 7, Hayden, AL 35079.

This table shows the results of monitoring for the period of **January 1st to December 31st, 2025**. It is important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk. This table has many abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these abbreviations we have provided the following definitions:

- Non-Detects (ND) – laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.
- Parts per million (ppm) or milligrams per liter (mg/l) – one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years, or a single penny in \$10,000.
- Parts per billion (ppb) or ug/l – micrograms per liter – one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.
- Parts per trillion (ppt) or nanograms per liter (ng/L) – one part per trillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000,000.
- Parts per quadrillion (ppq) or picograms per liter (pg/L) – one part per quadrillion corresponds to one minute in 2,000,000,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000,000,000.
- Picocuries per liter (pCi/l) – picocuries per liter is a measure of radioactivity in water.
- Millirems per years (mrem/yr) – measure of radiation absorbed by the body.
- Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTU) – a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity more than 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.
- Maximum Contaminant Level – The “Maximum Allowed” (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

- Maximum Contaminant Level Goal – The “Goal” (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
 - Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
 - Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
 - MFL – Million Fibers per Liter.
 - AL – Action Level – the concentrations of a contaminant, which, if exceeded, triggers, treatment, or other requirements, which a water system must follow.
 - TT – Treatment Technique – A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
 - Variances and Exemptions – The Department or EPA permission not to meet and MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.
- The following tables of laboratory test data were provided by our water supplier, Blount County Water Authority.

Table of Detected Contaminants

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Microbiological Contaminants						
Turbidity	No	.53	NTU	N/A	TT	Soil runoff
Radioactive Contaminants						
Alpha Emitters	No	2.7	pCi/l	N/A	15	Erosion of natural deposits
Combined Radium	No	.76	pCi/l	N/A	5	Erosion of natural deposits
Inorganic Contaminants						
Barium	No	0.029	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Chloride	No	10	ppb	N/A	250	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine	No	2.85	ppm	N/A	4	Water additive used to control microbes
Copper	No	.14	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Lead	No	.0011	ppb	N/A	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate	No	1.8	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Volatile Organic Contaminants						
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	No	28.3	ppb	N/A	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	No	34.3	ppb	N/A	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	No	2	ppm	N/A	TT	Naturally present in the environment
Chlorine	No	2.85	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
Methylene Chloride (2022)	No	1.53	ppb	NA	5	Discharge from petroleum factories; Discharge from chemical factories
Bromodichloromethane	No	8	ppb	NA	NA	
Dibromochloromethane	No	3.7	ppb	NA	NA	
Chloroform	No	18.1	ppb	NA	NA	

Table of Primary Contaminants

At elevated levels, some primary contaminants are known to pose a health risk to humans.

This table provides a quick glance of any primary contaminant detections.

Contaminant	MCL	Amount Detected	Contaminant	MCL	Amount Detected
Bacteriological			Endrin	2 ppb	ND
Total Coliform Bacteria	<5%	2.25	Epichlorohydrin	TT	ND
Turbidity	5.0 NTU	25.1	Glyphosate	700 ppb	ND
Fecal coliform and <i>E. coli</i>	0	ND	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	TT (ppm)	2
Radiological			Heptachlor	400 ppt	ND
Beta/Photon Emitters (2021)	4	ND	Heptachlor epoxide	200 ppt	ND
Alpha Emitters	15	2.7	Hexachlorobenzene	1 ppb	ND
Combined Radium	5	.76	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	50 ppb	ND
Inorganic			Lindane	200 ppt	ND
Antimony	6 ppb	ND	Methoxychlor	40 ppb	ND
Arsenic	10 ppb	ND	Oxamyl (Vydate)	200 ppb	ND
Asbestos (MFL)	7	ND	PCBs	500 ppt	ND
Barium	2 ppm	0.029	Pentachlorophenol	1 ppb	ND
Beryllium	4 ppb	ND	Picloram	500 ppb	ND
Cadmium	5 ppb	ND	Simazine	4 ppb	ND
Chromium	100 ppb	ND	Toxaphene	3 ppb	ND
Copper	AL=1.3 ppm	.14	Benzene	5 ppb	ND
Cyanide	200 ppb	ND	Carbon Tetrachloride	5 ppb	ND
Fluoride	4 ppm	.69	Chlorobenzene	100 ppb	ND
Lead	AL=15 ppb	.0011	Dibromochloropropane	200 ppt	ND
Mercury	2 ppb	ND	o-Dichlorobenzene	600 ppb	ND
Nickel	100 ppb	.003	p-Dichlorobenzene	75 ppb	ND
Nitrate	10 ppm	1.8	1,2-Dichloroethane	5 ppb	ND
Nitrite	1 ppm	ND	1,1-Dichloroethylene	7 ppb	ND
Selenium	50 ppb	ND	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	70 ppb	ND
Thallium	2 ppb	ND	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	100 ppb	ND
Organic Chemicals			Dichloromethane	5 ppb	ND
2,4-D	70 ppb	ND	1,2-Dichloropropane	5 ppb	ND
2,4,5-TB (Silvex)	50 ppb	ND	Ethylbenzene	700 ppb	ND
Acrylamide	TT	ND	Ethylene dibromide	50 ppt	ND
Alachlor	2 ppb	ND	Styrene	100 ppb	ND
Atrazine	3 ppb	ND	Tetrachloroethylene	5 ppb	ND
Benzo(a)pyrene (PAHs)	200 ppt	ND	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	70 ppb	ND
Carbofuran	40 ppb	ND	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	200 ppb	ND
Chlordane	2 ppb	ND	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5 ppb	ND
Dalapon	200 ppb	ND	Trichloroethylene	5 ppb	ND
Di-(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	400 ppb	ND	TTHM	80 ppb	28.3
Di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalates	6 ppb	ND	Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	60 ppb	34.3
Dinoseb	7 ppb	ND	Toluene	1 ppm	ND
Diquat	20 ppb	ND	Vinyl Chloride	2 ppb	ND
Dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD)	30 ppq	ND	Xylenes	10 ppm	ND
Endothall	100 ppb	ND			

The table below lists the contaminants that are not regulated by the EPA or ADEM but are tested for in your drinking water. These contaminants pose many of the same health risk as the regulated contaminants but their presence in most drinking water is not frequent enough to warrant regulation. Unregulated contaminants are tested to provide historical data on components present in drinking water over time.

Test Results – Unregulated Contaminant Table					
Monitoring Results in ppb					
CONTAMINANT	Low Result	High Result	CONTAMINANT	Low Result	High Result
1,1 – Dichloropropene	ND	ND	Chloroform	ND	18.1
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	Chloromethane	ND	ND
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	Dibromochloromethane	ND	3.7
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	Dibromomethane	ND	ND
1,2,3 – Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	Dicamba	ND	ND
1,2,3 – Trichloropropane	ND	ND	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND
1,2,4 – Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	Dieldrin	ND	ND
1,3 – Dichloropropane	ND	ND	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND
1,3 – Dichloropropene	ND	ND	Isoprylbenzene	ND	ND
1,3,5 – Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	M-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND
2,2 – Dichloropropane	ND	ND	Methomyl	ND	ND
3-Hydroxycarbofuran	ND	ND	MTBE	ND	ND
Aldicarb	ND	ND	Metolachlor	ND	ND
Aldicarb Sulfone	ND	ND	Metribuzin	ND	ND
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	ND	ND	N - Butylbenzene	ND	ND
Aldrin	ND	ND	Naphthalene	ND	ND
Bromobenzene	ND	ND	N-Propylbenzene	ND	ND
Bromochloromethane	ND	ND	O-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND
Bromodichloromethane	ND	8	P-Chlorotoluene	ND	ND
Bromoform	ND	ND	P-Isopropyltoluene	ND	ND
Bromomethane	ND	ND	Propachlor	ND	ND
Butachlor	ND	ND	Sec - Butylbenzene	ND	ND
Carbaryl	ND	ND	Tert - Butylbenzene	ND	ND
Chloroethane	ND	ND	Trichlorfluoromethane	ND	ND

In addition to the primary contaminants, BCWA monitors regularly for some of the following secondary and unregulated contaminants as required by ADEM.

Secondary Contaminants			
Monitoring results in ppb			
CONTAMINANT	MCL	AMOUNT DETECTED	VIOLATION Y/N
Aluminum (ppm)	2.0	.034	N
Calcium (ppm)	NA	51.8	N
Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	NA	7	N
Chloride (ppm)	250	10	N
Color (units)	15	ND	N
Conductance (umhos)	NA	366	N
Hardness (ppm CaCO3)	NA	128	N
Iron (ppm)	0.3	ND	N
Magnesium (ppm)	NA	9.42	N
Manganese (ppm)	0.05	.003	N
pH (std. units)	NA	8.73	N
Silver (ppm)	0.1	ND	N
Sodium (ppm)	NA	12.6	N
Sulfate (ppm)	500	76.6	N
Total Alkalinity (ppm CaCO3)	NA	113	N
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	500	230	N
Zinc (ppm)	5	.008	N

The fourth Unregulated Contaminant Rule (UCMR4) was initiated by EPA in 2016. UCMR4 requires monitoring of 10 cyanotoxins and 20 additional unregulated chemical contaminants. These contaminants pose many of the same health risk as the regulated contaminants but their presence in most drinking water is not frequent enough to warrant regulation. Unregulated contaminants are tested to provide historical data on components present in drinking water over time.

Fourth Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring (UCMR4)			
Monitoring results in ppb			
CONTAMINANT	DETECTED	CONTAMINANT	DETECTED
Germanium	ND	Tribufos	ND
Manganese	.003	1-butanol	ND
Alpha-hexachlorocyclohexane	ND	2-methoxyethanol	ND
Chlorpyrifos	ND	2-propen-1-ol	ND
Dimethipin	ND	Butylated hydroxyanisole	ND
Ethoprop	ND	O-toluidine	ND
Oxyfluorfen	ND	Quinoline	ND
Profenofos	ND	Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	2
Tebuconazole	ND	HAA9 Group (2023)	2.3
Total permethrin (cis- & trans-)	ND	Bromide (2023)	ND
Bromochloroacetic Acid (2023)	.76		
Bromodichloroacetic Acid	ND	Monobromoacetic Acid	1.31
Chlorodibromoacetic Acid	ND	Monochloroacetic Acid	3.25
Dibromoacetic Acid	1.4	Tribromoacetic Acid	ND
Dichloroacetic Acid	20	Trichloroacetic Acid	11.1
Bromoacetic Acid	ND	Bromodichloromethane	8
Chloroacetic Acid	ND	Dibromochloromethane	3.7

PFAS Compounds, No Established MCLs and None Detected
11Cl-PFOUdS, 9Cl-PF3ONS, ADONA, HFPO-DA, NEtFOSAA, NMeFOSAA, PFDA, PFDoA, PFHpA, PFNA, PFOS, PFOA, PFTeDA, PFTTrDA, PUnA, Toal PFAs

Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule 5 (undetected)			Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule 5 (detected)		
Lithium	11Cl-PF3OUdS	4:2 FTS	6:2 FTS	PFBS	PFBA
	8:2 FTS	9Cl-PF3ONS	PFHxA	PFPeA	
ADONA	HFPO-DA	NFDHA			
PFBS	PFDA	PFHxA			
	PFEESA	PFHpS			
PFMBA	PFMPA	PFPeS			
PFPeA	PFPOA	PFHpA			
PFHxS	PFNA	PFOS			
PFOA	PUnA	NEtFOSAA			
NMeFOSAA	PFTeDA	PFTTrDA			
PFHxS					

Blount County Water Authority did incur a Long Term 2 Enhanced Surface Water Treatment Rule (LT2ESWTR) reporting non-compliance. The non-compliance resulted from a failure to submit the May 2025 results by June 10, 2025. The System's results were received on June 11, 2025. However, as you can see from the tables above, their system had no violations of allowable limits of contaminants in your drinking water. We are proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State Requirements.

The table below provides laboratory test data from the Hayden Water Department's water distribution system. All samples were well within regulatory limits.

2025 Chemical Analysis Stage 2 Disinfection Byproducts	Site: 171 Mayfield Dr Sample Date: 12/9/2025	Site: 355 Quail Hollow Rd Sample Date: 12/9/2025
Total Trihalomethanes	0.00774	0.00697
Chloroform	0.00390	0.00337
Bromodichloromethane	0.00243	0.00226
Dibromochloromethane	0.00141	0.00134
Bromoform	<0.000500	<0.000500
Monochloroacetic Acid (MCAA)	<0.00200	<0.00200
Dichloroacetic Acid (DCAA)	0.00265	0.00265
Monobromoacetic Acid (MBAA)	<0.00200	<0.00200
Trichloroacetic Acid (TCAA)	<0.00200	<0.00200
Dibromoacetic Acid (DBAA)	<0.00200	<0.00200
Total Haloacetic Acids 5	0.00265	0.00265

We have learned from monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected. All drinking water, including bottled water, may be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of these does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and radioactive material, and it can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Blount County Water Authority also tests for pathogens, such as *Cryptosporidium* and *Giardia*. These pathogens can enter water from animal or human waste. All test results were well within state and federal standards. This language does *not* indicate the presence of *Cryptosporidium* in our drinking water.

MCL's are set at very stringent levels. To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated constituents, a person would have to drink two liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

The Town of Hayden Water Department wants you to be aware that there is not a problem with lead in our distribution system. If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Hayden Water Department is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791) or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. The most recent testing within Hayden Water Department for lead and copper compliance occurred in September 2023. This testing was done in accordance with applicable drinking water regulations. The 90th percentile lead sample was <0.000500. The 90th percentile copper sample was <0.0439. No lead or copper samples exceeded the action level at Distribution System Evaluation Sites (DSE). A service line inventory has been completed per the EPA's Lead and Copper Rule Revisions (LCRR) and is available upon request.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. People who are immuno-compromised such as cancer patients undergoing chemotherapy, organ transplant recipients, HIV/AIDS positive or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. People at risk should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791) or on EPA's website *epa.gov/safewater*.

Based on a study conducted by the Alabama Department of Environmental Management (ADEM), with the approval of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), a statewide waiver for the monitoring of asbestos and dioxin was issued. Thus, monitoring for these contaminants is not required. EPA and ADEM have mandated that each water system will provide an annual quality report to consumers. This report is designed to inform consumers about the quality of water from their water supplier. Hayden Water Department strives to provide a dependable supply of water to all consumers. We ask that you be considerate when accidents or mother nature hinder our efforts to supply your water. Regardless of the time, or weather, Hayden Water Department personnel are on call and working to keep your water flowing. Please help us protect our water sources, which are a vital part of our lives, and our children's future.

Town of Hayden

Larry Armstrong, Mayor

Town Council

Jo Young, Pro Tem Tyler Campbell Christy Harris Lucas Drake Jake Gibbs

Town of Hayden Water Department

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